

Quizzing the Factories of Oilseeds

What Part of 'No' Don't We Understand?

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Training and Outreach:

13 Postdocs

4 Graduate Students

4 Technicians

8 Collaborators

5 REU Students, 6 Honors and Undergraduate



Convergent research identifies limitations and provides solutions



Oils are Attractive Targets for Metabolic Engineering

- Substantial amount of plant oil already used for non-food applications.
- Chemical industry is familiar with fatty acid chemistry and applications.
- Some 1,000 different fatty acid structures occur in nature. Green Chemistry.
- Need modify only one or a few genes?
- Expression in crop plants utilizes agricultural infrastructure.

Evolved Biochemistry, Valuable Oils



Hydroxy from Castor
HFA



Conjugated from
Momordica
CFA



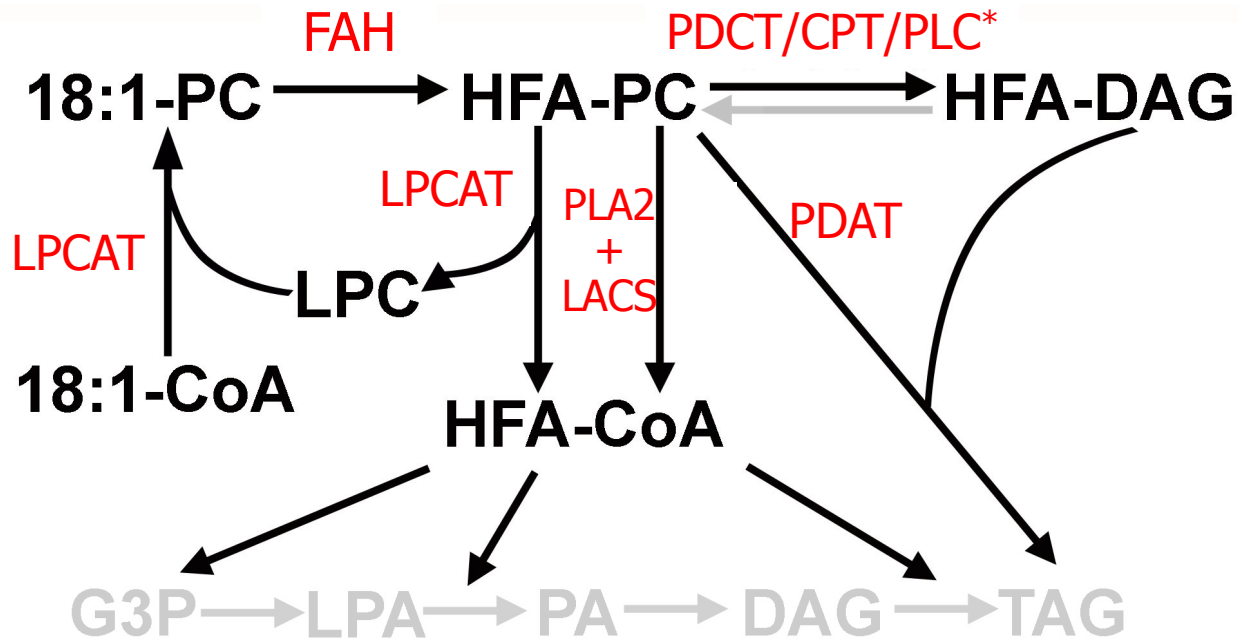
Cyclopropane
from Cotton
CpFA



Unusual Fatty Acids in Transgenic Plants

<u>Fatty Acid</u>	<u>Level in source</u>	<u>Level in transgenic</u>
■ Hydroxy	90%	17%
■ Petroselinic	85%	<10%
■ 16:1 Δ 6	80%	<10%
■ Conjugated	65%	13%
■ Cyclopropane	40%	< 5%
■ Acetylenic	70%	25%
■ Epoxy	60%	15%
■ Lauric (+10:0)	65%(+25%)	50-60%

Alternative Paths to HFA-TAG



*or PLD+PAP

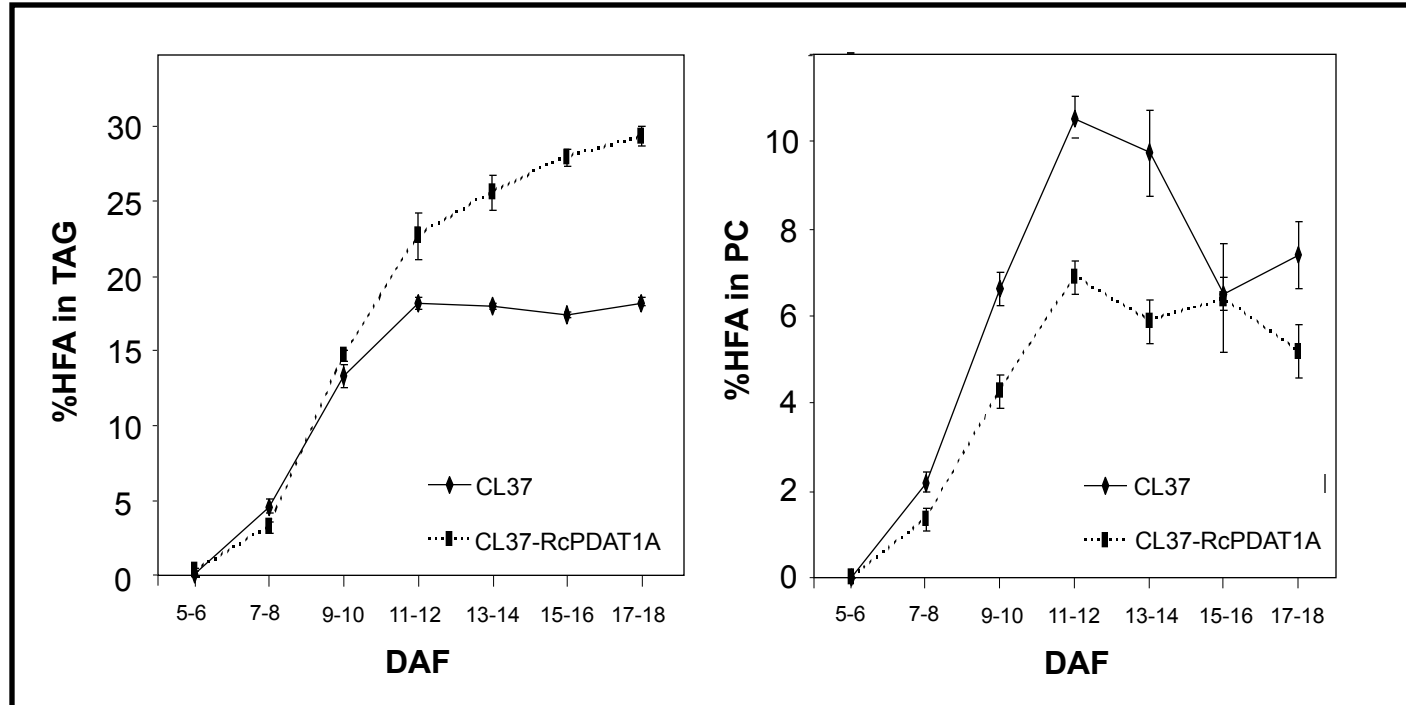
Promising Results For Two Genes

<u>Plant Name</u>	<u>16:0</u>	<u>18:0 + 18:1</u>	<u>18:2</u>	<u>18:3</u>	<u>20:1</u>	<u>18:1-OH</u>	<u>18:2-OH</u>	<u>Total OH</u>
RcDGAT2 #101	17.7	26.6	25.7	7.4	2.0	19.1	1.5	20.6
RcDGAT2 #102	15.5	29.7	23.0	6.7	1.6	21.0	2.5	23.5
RcDGAT2 #103	14.1	34.1	20.2	5.8	1.6	21.1	3.1	24.2
RcDGAT2 #104	14.2	34.8	20.1	5.8	1.7	20.6	2.8	23.4
RcDGAT1 #101	16.0	32.9	23.1	6.8	1.5	17.5	2.1	19.6
RcDGAT1 #102	14.3	38.2	21.9	5.7	1.4	15.9	2.6	18.5
RcDGAT1 #103	16.8	34.6	23.3	6.4	1.5	15.4	2.0	17.4
RcDGAT1 #104	16.1	35.9	23.3	5.9	1.4	15.3	2.0	17.3
RcDGAT1 #105	14.6	37.0	21.0	6.4	1.5	16.9	2.5	19.5
RcDGAT1 #106	15.6	37.2	20.6	6.3	1.8	16.4	2.1	18.5
RcLPAAT1 #1	14.3	40.7	17.8	6.4	1.5	16.6	2.6	18.4
RcLPAAT1 #2	13.4	36.6	18.2	7.1	8.2	13.6	2.9	18.2
RcLPAAT1 #3	13.5	40.3	18.3	6.9	1.5	16.4	2.9	18.1
RcPDAT1A-C	11.2	35.5	21.8	7.1	0.5	19.4	4.5	23.9
RcPDAT1A-D	11.8	35.1	21.6	7.2	0.5	19.3	4.4	23.8
RcPDAT1A-E	11.5	35.1	21.2	6.2	0.5	20.9	4.6	25.5
RcLACS4 A	17.8	36.5	23.9	6.1	0.5	15.0	0.2	15.2
RcPDAT1B	15.5	35.4	24.7	7.6	1.4	13.0	2.5	15.5
CL7	12.5	44.0	19.9	5.6	1.4	12.7	3.8	16.5
CL37	16.0	37.3	22.4	5.5	0.4	15.2	3.1	18.3

RcPDAT Reduces HFA in PC

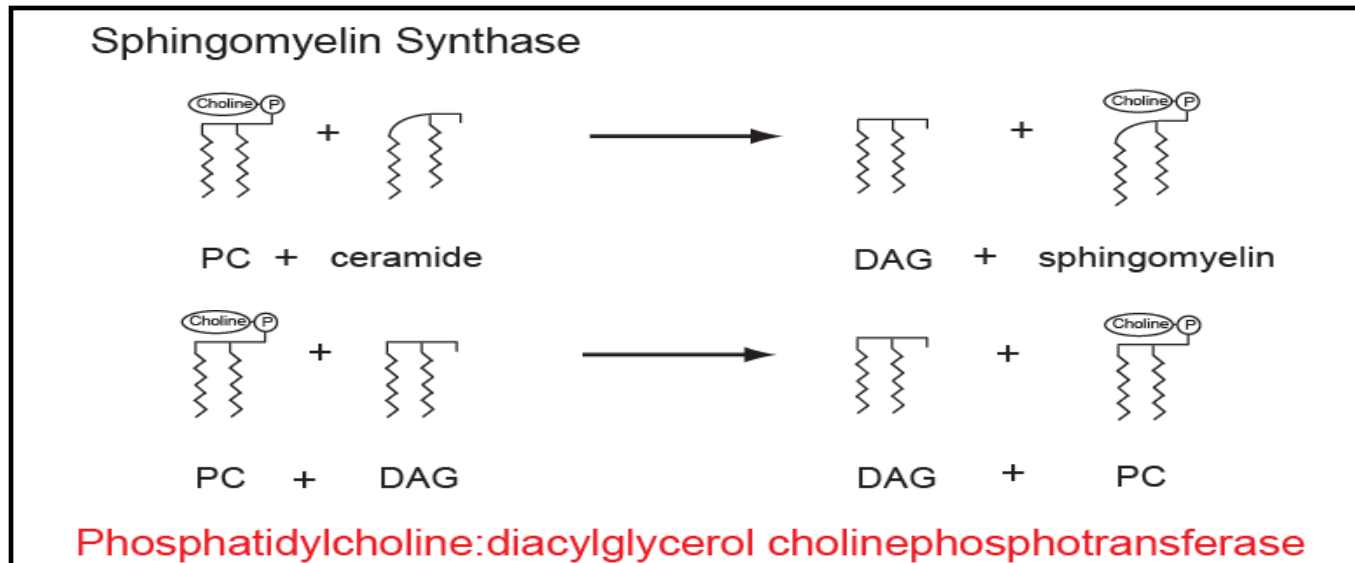
75% More HFA

Lower HFA in PC



A New Enzyme of TAG Synthesis

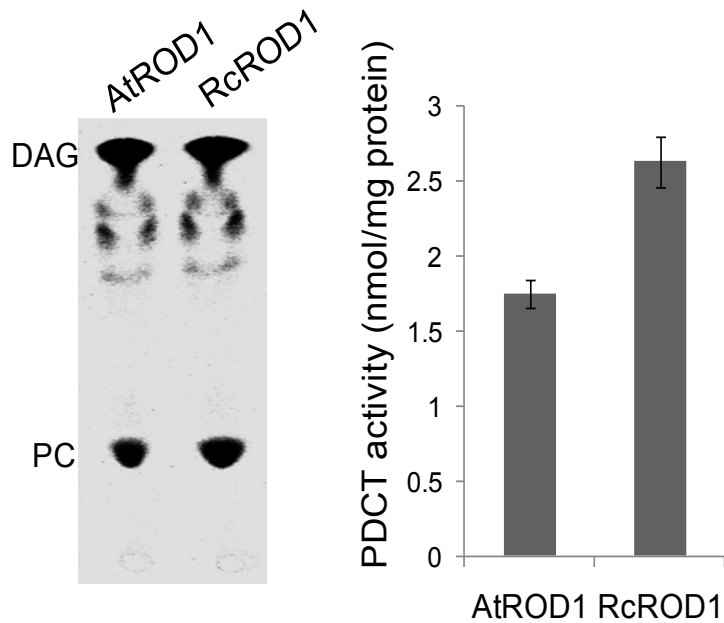
	Mol % of fatty acids in seeds					
	16:0	18:0	18:1	18:2	18:3	20:1
WT	8.4	3.1	15.1	29.2	19.9	18.6
<i>rod1</i>	8.5	3.3	32.8	13.8	15.6	20.6



40% of 18:2+18:3 flux through PDCT

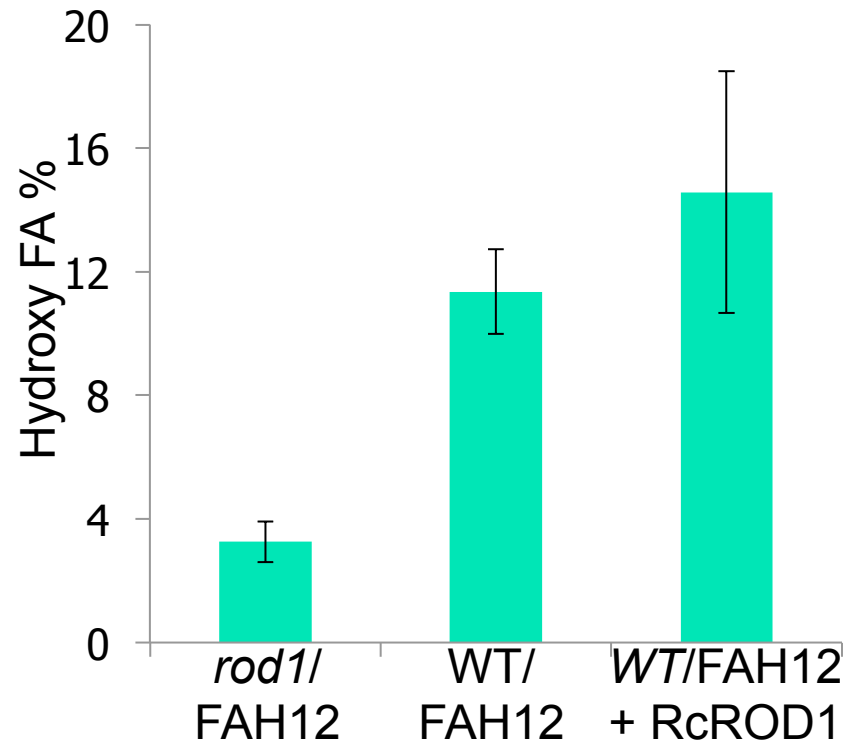
ROD1 and HFA Production

Castor RcROD1 also encodes PDCT activity

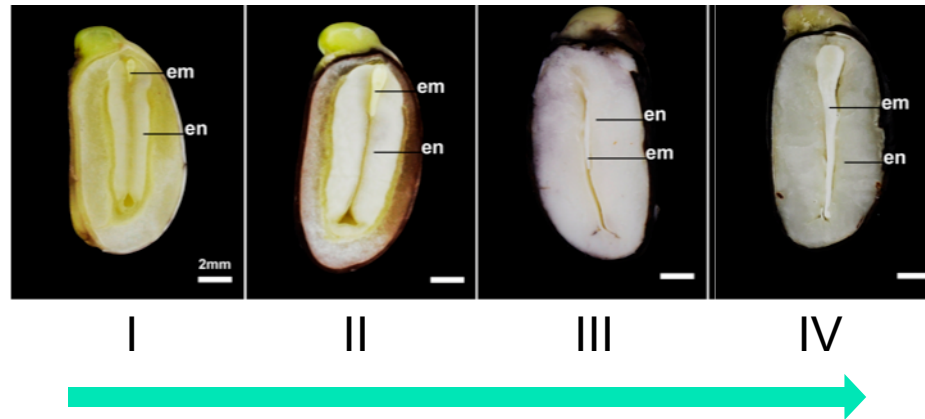


Yeast assays

ROD1 is Required for HFA accumulation in transgenics

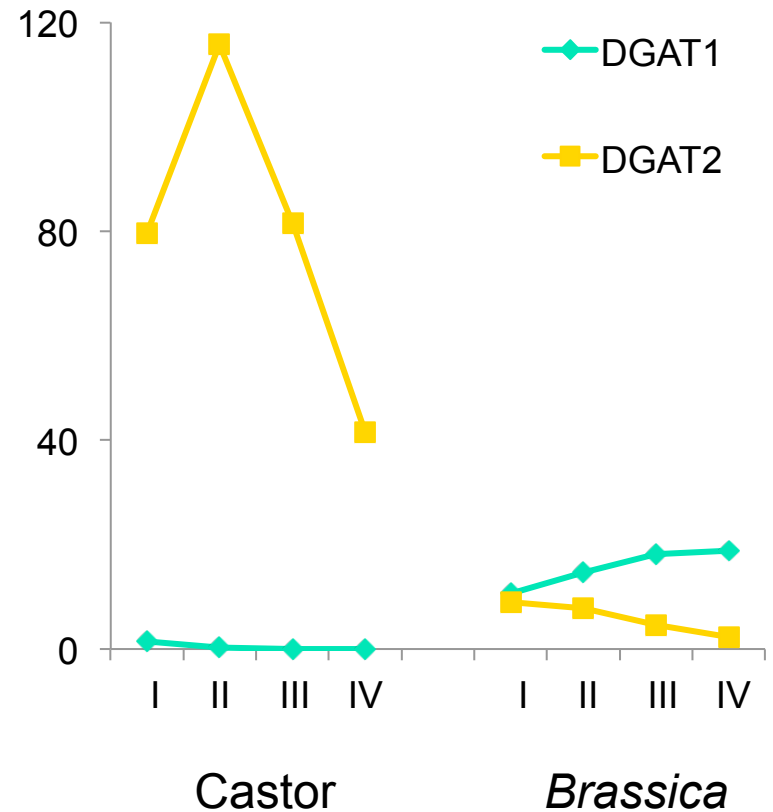
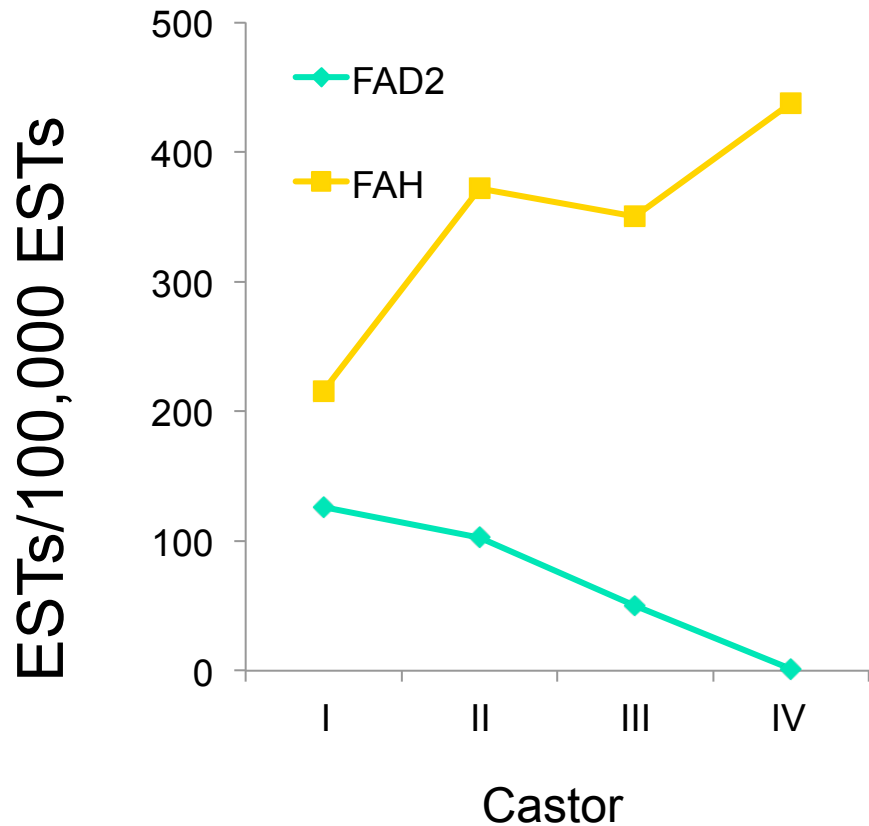


Deep Transcriptional Profiling Provides Key Leads

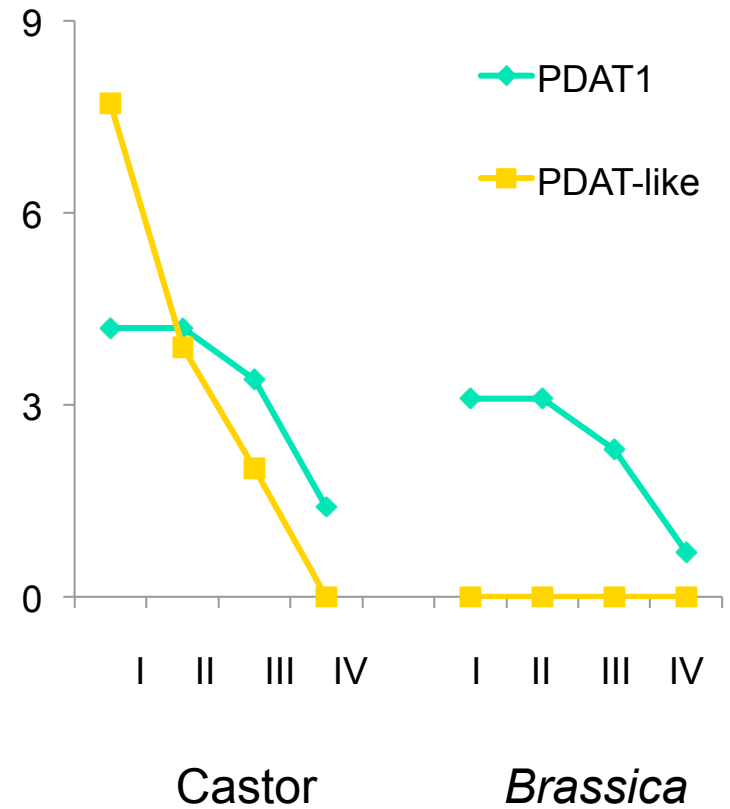
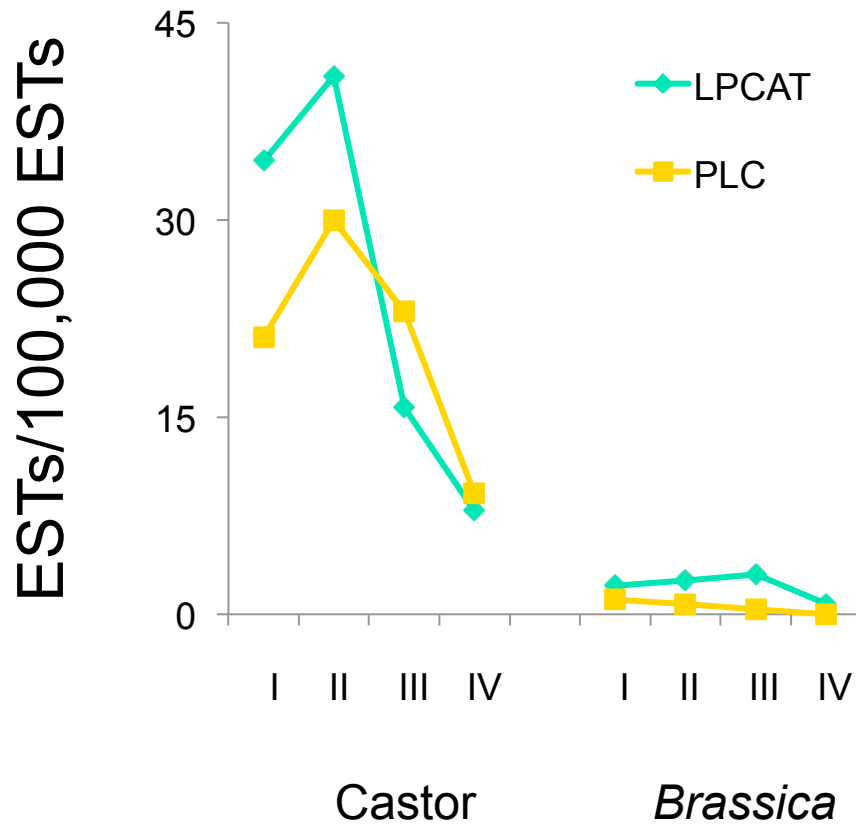


- 454 FLX pyrosequencing
- 1,059,000 ESTs
- Leveraged with other oilseeds

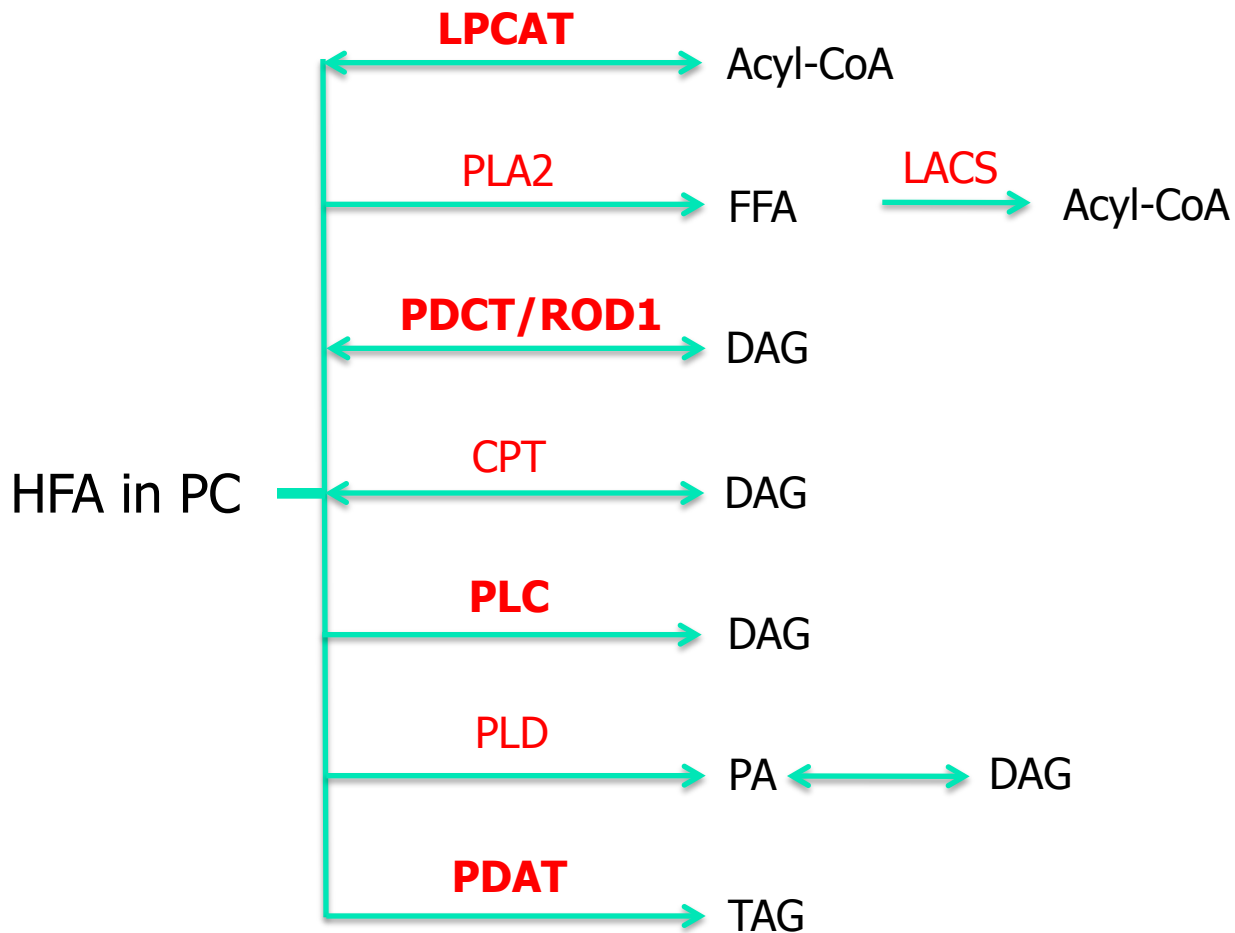
Hydroxylase is Massively Expressed



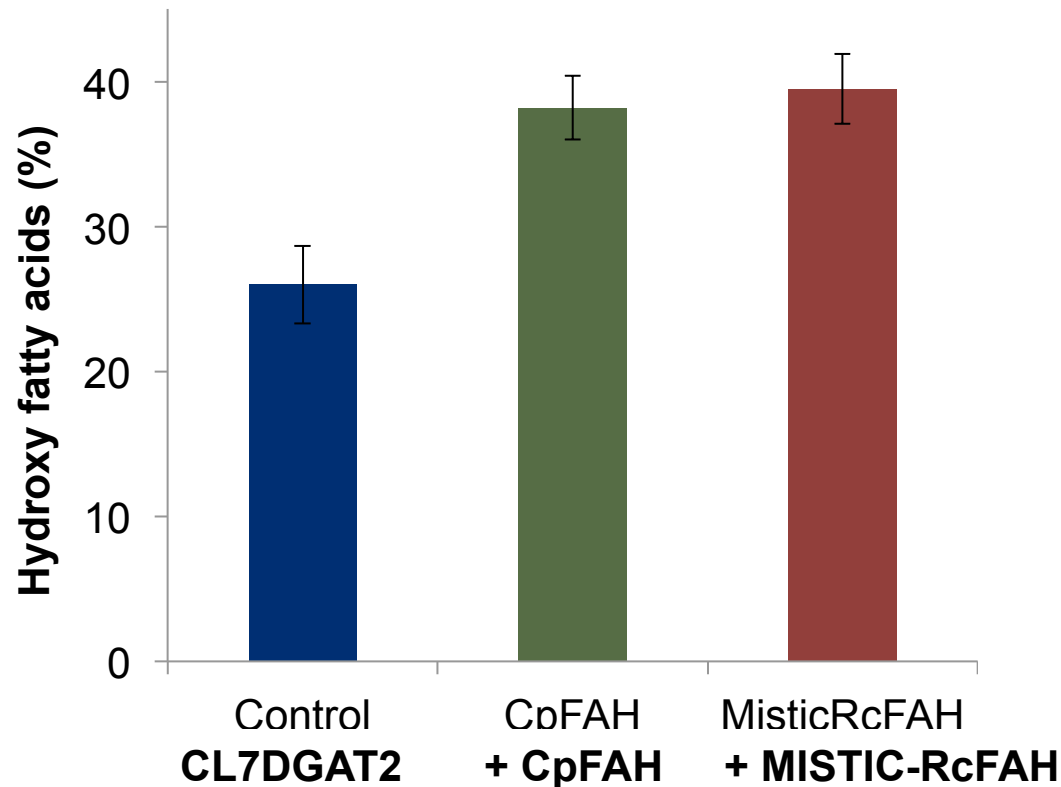
Removing HFA from PC



Seven Routes to Remove HFA from PC

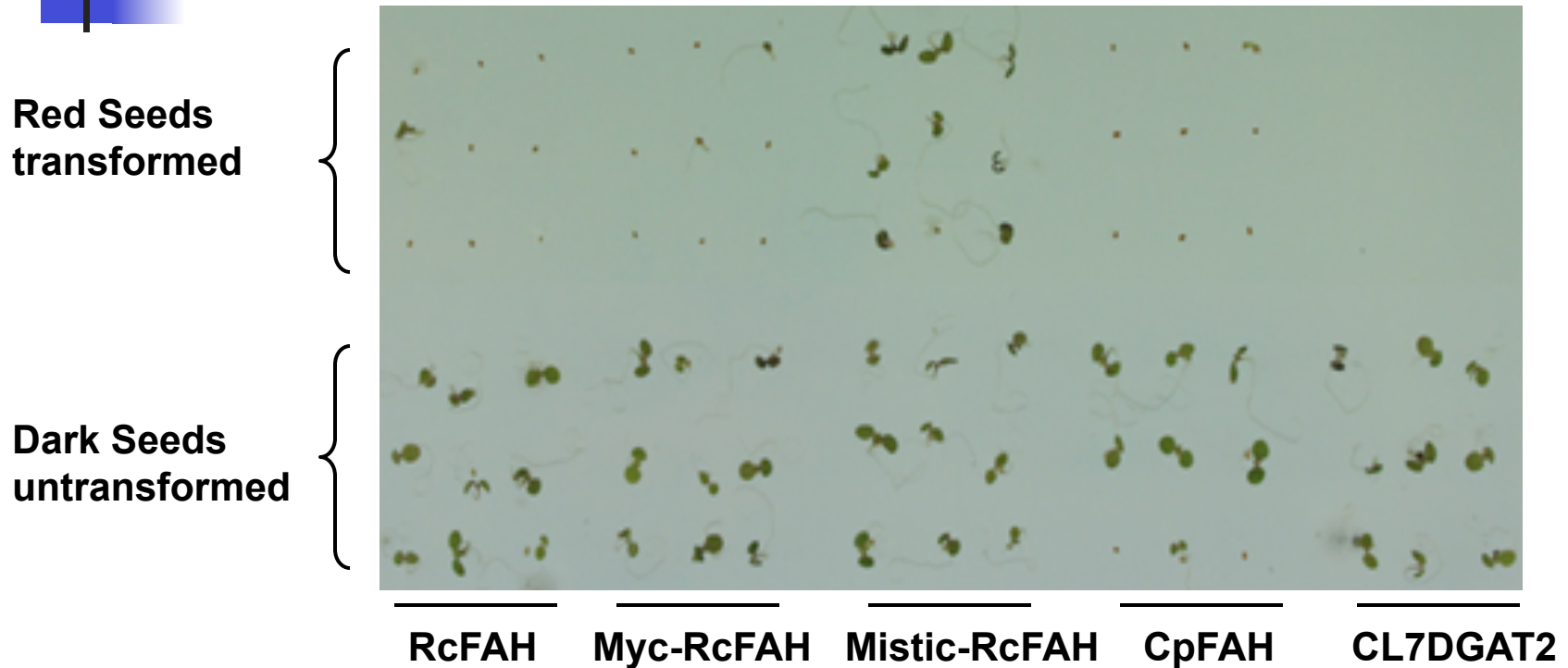


FAH Expression Is Limiting



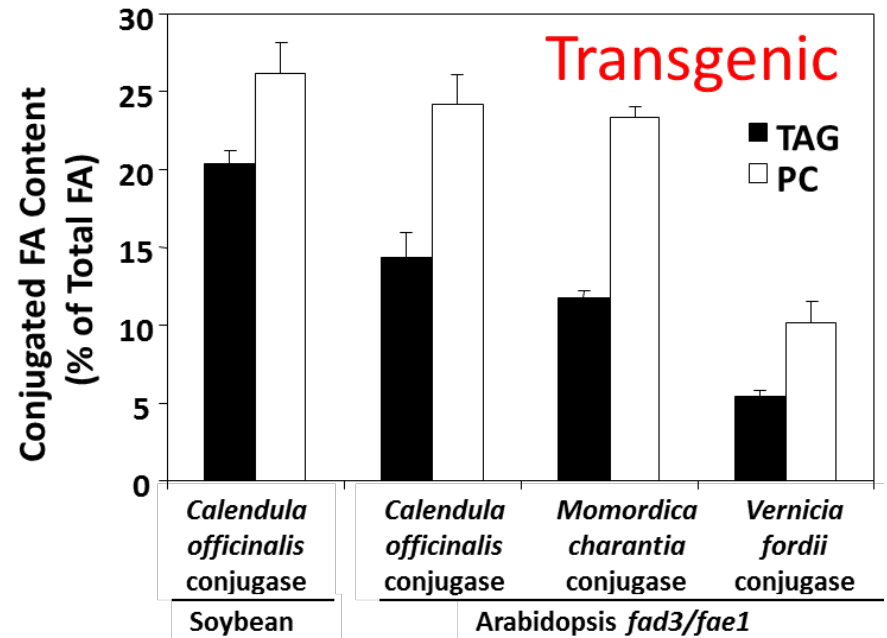
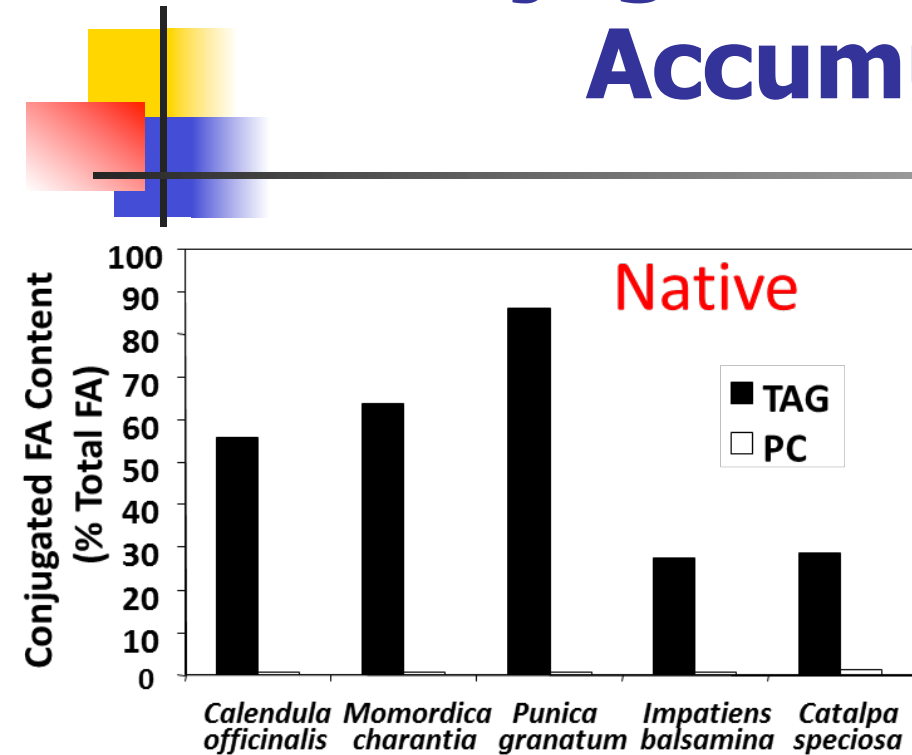
Adding *Claviceps* (Cp) FAH or *Ricinus* (Rc) FAH in CL7DGAT2 increases HFA content from 27% to ~40%

The MISTIC Tag Rescues Germination



- All transformed seeds have approximately 40% HFA
- Representative germination of *FAH12*:CL7DGAT2 seeds transformed with an additional FAH as indicated

Conjugated Fatty Acids Also Accumulate in PC



Soybean



Wt

+Conjugase

Arabidopsis

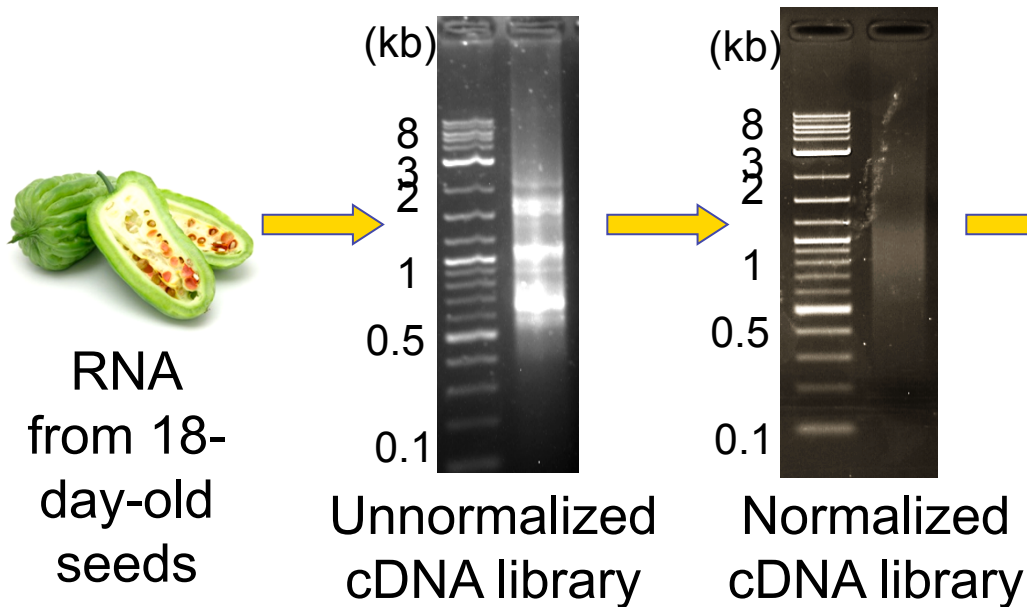


Wt

+Conjugase

Normalization Strategy

- Unnormalized and Normalized libraries
- 454 deep sequencing



228,000 clean reads

342 lipid genes

Conjugase gene highly expressed (248/87)

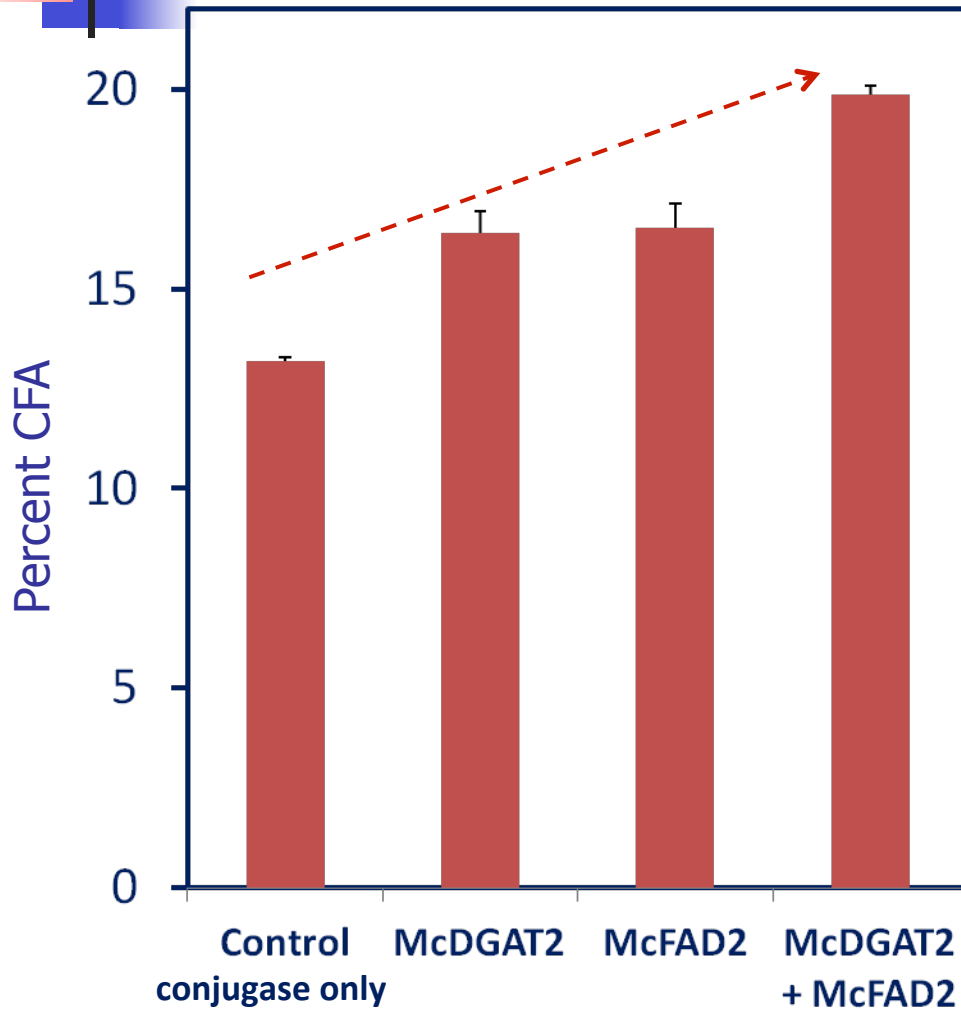
LPCAT top candidate for CFA from PC (29/22)

PLC, *PLD* and *PDAT* also candidates

ROD1 **not** detected

DGAT1 > *DGAT2*

Initial Successes



conjugase alone

12%



+ DGAT2

or

+ FAD2

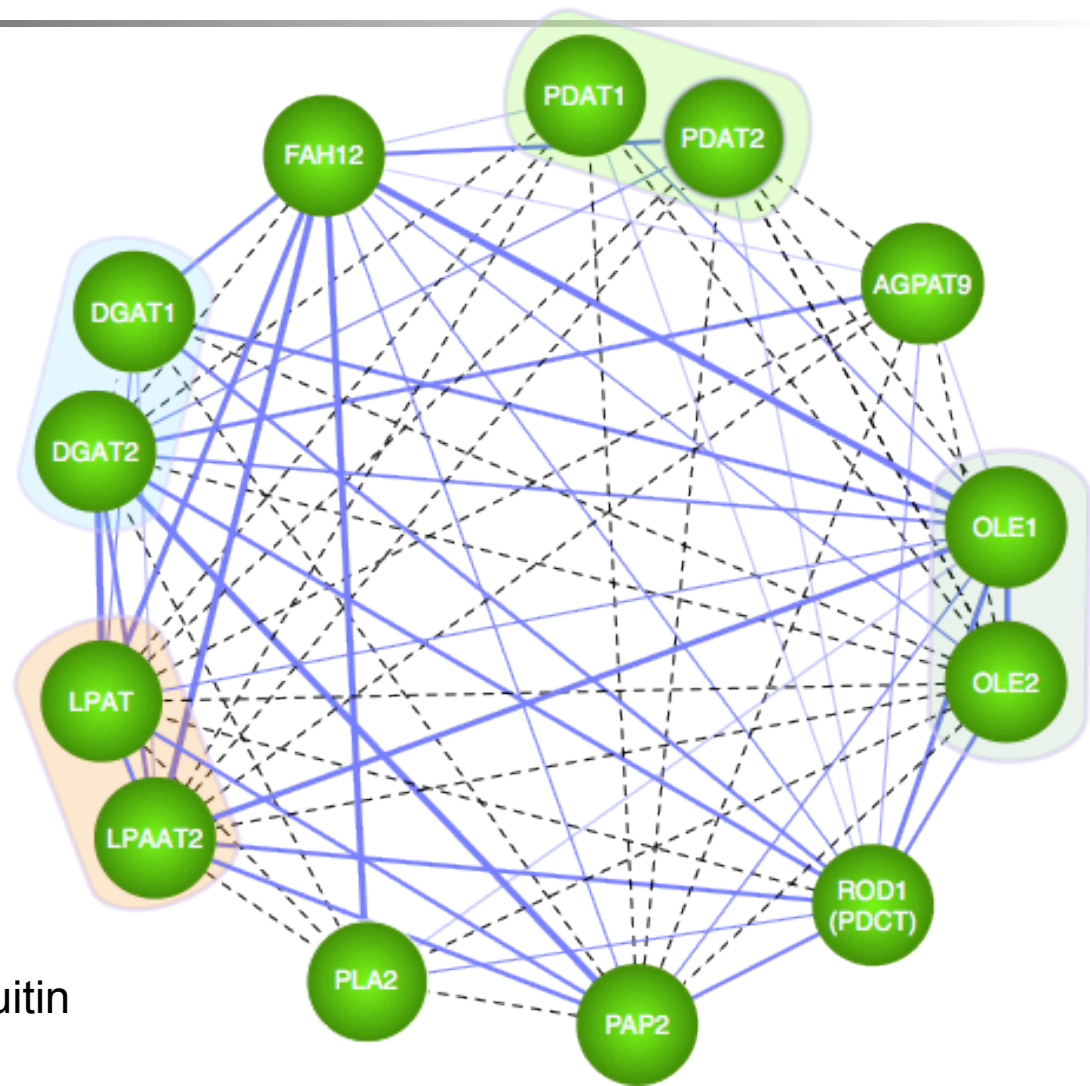
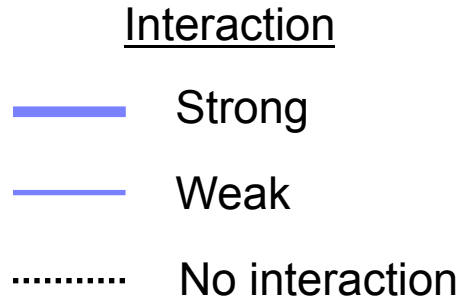
16%



+ DGAT2 + FAD2

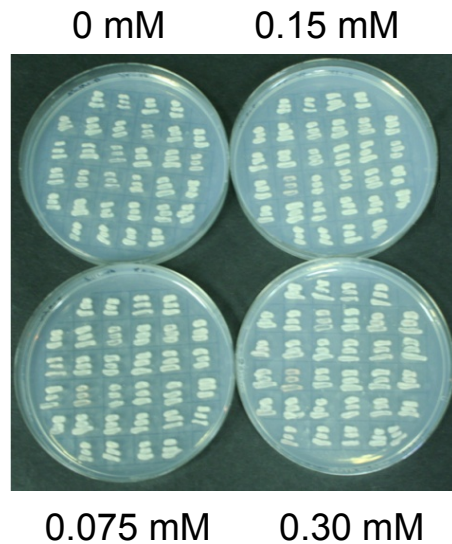
20%

Protein Interactions Connect FAH To Other Pathway Components

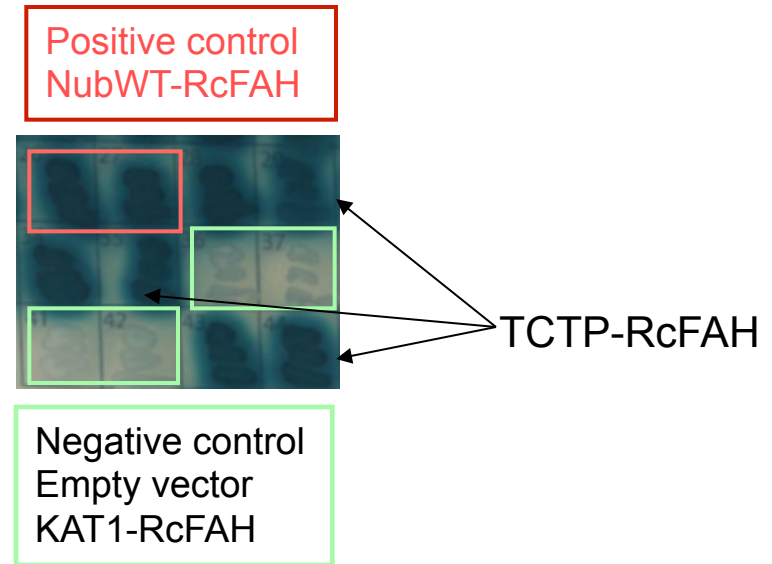


Assay: mating-based split-ubiquitin

TCTP: A Novel FAH-Interactor



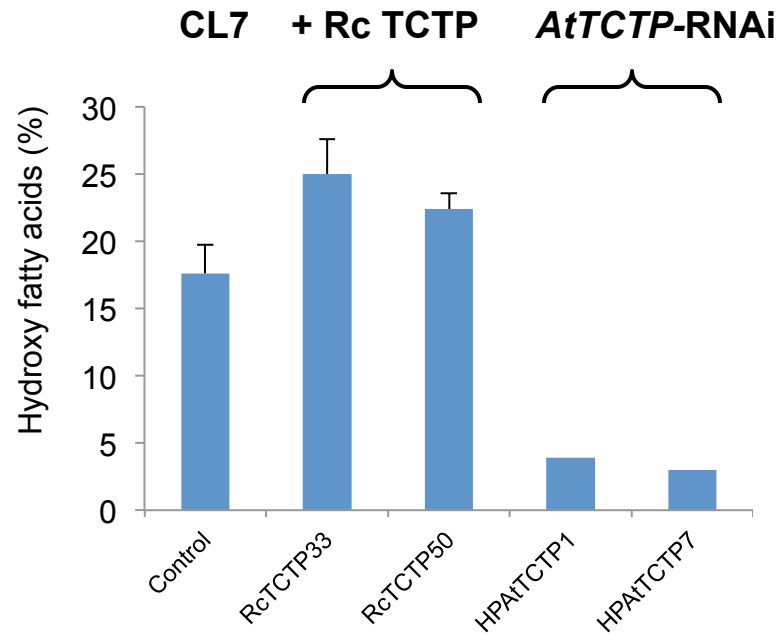
Growth on Methionine demonstrate strong interaction



X-GAL confirms specific TCTP interaction

(TCTP = translationally-controlled tumor protein)

A New Player in HFA Accumulation



- RcTCTP increases HFA
- *AtTCTP*-RNAi strongly reduces HFA



Conclusions

- Modified oils are valuable, but not a ‘one-gene’ enterprise
- We have developed the biochemical knowledge and genetic tools needed to succeed
- MISTIC tag bypasses ER import machinery to maximize protein expression
- Specialized isozymes (for PC metabolism, acyl transferases) are critical components
- Ultrasequencing identifies candidates; biochemistry and transgenics demonstrate their utility
- Cellular context is important (e.g. MISTIC); protein-interaction assays lead to more discoveries
- Integration of our discoveries is now the key to success