

Spring 2024

**BIOS 477/877**

***Bioinformatics and Molecular Evolution***

**Instructor: Etsuko Moriyama  
(School of Biological Sciences)**

BIOS477/877 L1 - 1

1

**TODAY'S TOPICS**

- Course mechanics
- What is Bioinformatics?

BIOS477/877 L1 - 2

2

**Course Web page**

<http://bioinfolab.unl.edu/emlab/Courses/BIOS877/current/index.html>

- Course description
- Course schedule
  - Check this often! Will be regularly updated.
  - Readings (chapters from the optional textbook, *etc.*)
  - Lecture handouts (color PDF version)
  - Homework assignment due dates
- Useful links (more links will be added)
- For non-biology students
  - List of molecular biology/genetics keywords (study them!)
  - Online review materials provided.
  - No review session for molecular biology during the course

BIOS477/877 L1 - 3

3

**Course Home Page on Canvas**

<https://canvas.unl.edu>

- **Check Email** address for your Canvas account!
- **Announcements** & Email for communication
- **Syllabus**
  - Link to the course Web page
  - Notes on grading, assignment submission, *etc.*
- **Course Content**
  - Lecture slides (full size PDF file)
  - Related articles (PDF)
  - "Introduction to Bioinformatics"  
(Chapter 1 of Essential Bioinformatics by J. Xiong) [Lecture 1]
- **Grades**

BIOS477/877 L1 - 4

4

**Course Home Page on Canvas (continued)**

<https://canvas.unl.edu>

- **Assignments**
  - Download/submit homework assignments
- **Course Survey** (non-graded)
  - Download from **Assignments**
  - Submit by **Jan 26 (Fri)**
  - This is to ensure that you have no problem for using Assignments page. If you have any problem, we need to fix it ASAP!!

BIOS477/877 L1 - 5

5

**Textbook (optional)**

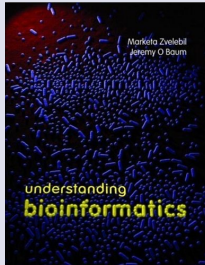
Zvelebil, M. & Baum, J. (2007)

**Understanding Bioinformatics**

Garland Science  
ISBN: 0815340249

Book website:  
<https://www.cornell.edu/understanding-bioinformatics/Zvelebil-Baum/m/book/9780815340249>

- eBook Rental is also available



BIOS477/877 L1 - 6

6

### Required in this course

- You should be familiar with **basic molecular biology & genetics terminology**
  - Use the keyword list and online materials to prepare yourself
- You should be able to **use/access internet, Web browser,** and familiar with general computer tasks
  - To work on homework assignments
- If you do not have or access to a computer ... let me know!

BIOS477/877 L1 - 7

7

### Not required in this course

- Programming skill
- Unix/Linux knowledge

But they are very useful if you want to do lots of bioinformatics/genomics analyses in the future!!

Unix/Linux/Programming online tutorials are available on the Course website (see Links page)

BIOS477/877 L1 - 8

8


### No computer lab

- It's not necessary to bring your laptop to the class
  - It will be useful to have it if you want to follow during demonstrations in the class.
- Homework assignments require you to do some web-based bioinformatics analysis

BIOS477/877 L1 - 9

9

### Assignments

- No in-class exam 
- Multiple assignments (about every week)
  - manual computation of core methods
  - small sequence analysis
  - article review
    - for core methods
    - for bioinformatics research
- You need to commit your time
- Read Notes for assignment submission in the Syllabus page

BIOS477/877 L1 - 10

10

### REMEMBER THIS!

- Some assignments take time. Some require manual computation.
- Some assignments require you to use software on the Web.
  - Web servers could become slow. They may crash.
  - Canvas does not always cooperate. Submitting assignments may take time, especially just before deadlines!


We experienced all of these in the past!
- Learning new programs requires time.
  - Read manuals and online helps.

**Start working on your assignment as soon as possible. DO NOT wait until just before the deadline!**

BIOS477/877 L1 - 11

11

### Grading

- Read Notes for grading in the Syllabus page
- If you are taking this course as BIOS477, your worst assignment score is excluded from calculating the final score (except for the final assignment)
  - This means ... you can safely skip one assignment 
- Late submission of an assignment will cost 5% (or more) deduction per day (indicated in each assignment)
- Graduate Student Only assignments:
  - indicated as G1 and G2
  - undergraduates can use them for bonus points

BIOS477/877 L1 - 12

12

## What you will learn from this course

- **Core algorithms in bioinformatics**
- **How they work**  
(If you want, you should be able to write your own program!)
- **How you can interpret the results for biological significance**



**GOAL:** You should be able to learn new bioinformatics methods by yourself in the future

**Bioinformatics fields evolve fast  
→ requires continuous self-learning**

BIOS477/877 L1 - 13

13

## Other Bioinformatics Courses at UNL

- **BIOS 337 Basic Application of Bioinformatics**  
→ Fall; Basic hands-on bioinformatics course
- **BIOS 426/826 Systems Biology**  
→ Fall, online; Next-gen sequence analysis, protein interaction/regulatory network
- BIOS 967 Introduction to R for Biological Sciences (Fall)
- BIOS 998 Structural Informatics and Biology (Spring)
- AGRO 820 Bioinformatics Applications in Agriculture (Fall)
- BIOC 439/839 Dynamics of Biochemical and Biological Networks (Spring)
- FDST 867: Computational Genomics for Food and Nutritional Sciences (Fall) (including microbiome analysis)
- BSEN 951: Advanced Mathematical Modeling in Biological Engineering (Fall)
- ECEN 450/850 Bioinformatics (Fall)
- ECEN 453/853 Computational and Systems Biology (Spring)
- CSCE 471/871 Computational Methods in Bioinformatics (Spring)
- CSCE 155T/890: Computer Science I: Informatics Focus (Python programming)

**A list of more courses is available on the "Links" page (at the bottom)**

BIOS477/877 L1 - 14

14



## Undergraduate Minor in

## Computational Biology & Bioinformatics

<http://cbb.unl.edu/>

### [Core courses]

- CSCE 155T Computer Science I: Informatics Focus
- BIOS 337 Basic Application of Bioinformatics
- STAT 218 Introduction to Statistics
- CSCE 311 Data Structures and Algorithms for Informatics

### + 2 Electives

one from Life Science → BIOS477 (this course) can be used  
one from Computer Science/Mathematics/Statistics/Engineering

BIOS477/877 L1 - 15

15

## Useful tricks (more in the Syllabus page)

- **Save your sequences in the plain TEXT format**  
→ The default Word file (.doc or .docx) is not in the text format!  
→ Use "Save as" and choose the text format.  
→ Use text editors (BBEdit, Notepad++, etc).
- **Read the manuals and follow the input format!**
- **Control your computer. Don't let your computer control you! Don't just double click on files.**
- **DO NOT blindly believe what you find on internet (e.g., Google, Wikipedia)! Lots of incorrect information. Always double-check with the original information source (journal articles).**

BIOS477/877 L1 - 16

16

## **Any questions?**

BIOS477/877 L1 - 17

17

## What is Bioinformatics?

- **Too many definitions!!**  
Everybody defines it differently.
- **Luscombe *et al.* (2001) (Xiong, Ch. 1, page 4)**  
"An interdisciplinary field involving biology, computer science, mathematics, and statistics to **analyze** biological sequence data, genome content, and arrangement, and to **predict** the function and structure of macromolecules"
- **National Cancer Institute (NCI's Dictionary of Cancer Terms)**  
"A field of science that uses computers, databases, math, and statistics to **collect, store, organize, and analyze** large amounts of biological, medical, and health information. Information may come from many sources, including genetic and molecular research studies, patient statistics, tissue specimens, clinical trials, and scientific journals. Also called computational biology."

BIOS477/877 L1 - 18

18

## Who coined the term "Bioinformatics"?

### ➤ Paulien Hogeweg (in early 1970s)

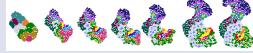
A Dutch theoretical biologist, who started using the term "Bioinformatics" to refer to "the study of informatic process in biotic systems".



Hogeweg (2011) "The root of bioinformatics in theoretical biology." *PLoS Comp Biol* 7: e1002021. [Available on Canvas/References]

Dr. Hogeweg's lab website:

<https://www-binf.bio.uu.nl/ph/>



BIOS477/877 L1 - 19

19

## What is the information in Bioinformatics?

```

acatttgctt ctgacacac tgytctoact agcaacotca aacagacaco atggtgcato
tgaactctga ggaagatgt ccggttacty ccoctggygg caaggtaac gtggatgaag
ctggtgtgga ggcctcgggc aggttggat caagttaca agacagttt aaggagaca
ataaacactg agcatatgga gaacagagag acatttgggt tictataggt cactgacot
cttgcotcat tgytatttt tcaaacctt agctctctca tcaatcaaa ttgacccaag
aggttctttr acctctttr acatctctca acctctctca ctttttttt caacccaag
gtgaagr ggaac gpat
aacctc gpat
cotgag .cota
tggtta .aac
agacga .ctg
tcaata .aat
ttttac .gat
acatta .aat
ataagt .att
gatacc .aca
tattga .taa
tatactttt .
aatgataca tgtatcatgc ctctttgca cttctaaag aatacaagtt ataattctg
ggttaagga atagaatct ctctgcatat caatattctt gaataaat tgaatgat
gtaagagttt toastttgt aatgagagat acaatcaag taacattcty cttattttt
atggttggga taagctgga ttattctgag toaagatag gcocttttgo taatcattgt
caaacctctt atctctctca cacagctctt gggcaagtg ctggtctgty tgtgtgcca
tcaacttggg aagaattca cccaacagct gaaggtgoc takagaaag tgytctgty
tgytctaat gcoctgggoc acaagtatca ctaagctggo tttctgtgt tcaattta
ataaagttt cctttgttc ctaagtcaaa ctactaaat ggggtattt atgaaggoc
ttgacatct ggaattgoc taataaaaa cattttttt catgct
    
```

### Genomic (DNA) sequences

need to be determined and assembled

BIOS477/877 L1 - 20

20

## What is the information in Bioinformatics?

```

acatttgctt ctgacacac tgytctoact agcaacotca aacagacaco atggtgcato
tgaactctga ggaagatgt ccggttacty ccoctggygg caaggtaac gtggatgaag
ctggtgtgga ggcctcgggc aggttggat caagttaca agacagttt aaggagaca
ataaacactg agcatatgga gaacagagag acatttgggt tictataggt cactgacot
cttgcotcat tgytatttt tcaaacctt agctctctca tcaatcaaa ttgacccaag
aggttctttr acctctttr acatctctca acctctctca ctttttttt caacccaag
gtgaagr ggaac gpat
aacctc gpat
cotgag .cota
tggtta .aac
agacga .ctg
tcaata .aat
ttttac .gat
acatta .aat
ataagt .att
gatacc .aca
tattga .taa
tatactttt .
aatgataca tgtatcatgc ctctttgca cttctaaag aatacaagtt ataattctg
ggttaagga atagaatct ctctgcatat caatattctt gaataaat tgaatgat
gtaagagttt toastttgt aatgagagat acaatcaag taacattcty cttattttt
atggttggga taagctgga ttattctgag toaagatag gcocttttgo taatcattgt
caaacctctt atctctctca cacagctctt gggcaagtg ctggtctgty tgtgtgcca
tcaacttggg aagaattca cccaacagct gaaggtgoc takagaaag tgytctgty
tgytctaat gcoctgggoc acaagtatca ctaagctggo tttctgtgt tcaattta
ataaagttt cctttgttc ctaagtcaaa ctactaaat ggggtattt atgaaggoc
ttgacatct ggaattgoc taataaaaa cattttttt catgct
    
```

DNA -----> RNA  
Transcription [gene expression]

BIOS477/877 L1 - 21

21

## What is the information in Bioinformatics?

```

acatttgctt ctgacacac tgytctoact agcaacotca aacagacaco atggtgcato
tgaactctga ggaagatgt ccggttacty ccoctggygg caaggtaac gtggatgaag
ctggtgtgga ggcctcgggc aggttggat caagttaca agacagttt aaggagaca
ataaacactg agcatatgga gaacagagag acatttgggt tictataggt cactgacot
cttgcotcat tgytatttt tcaaacctt agctctctca tcaatcaaa ttgacccaag
aggttctttr acctctttr acatctctca acctctctca ctttttttt caacccaag
gtgaagr ggaac gpat
aacctc gpat
cotgag .cota
tggtta .aac
agacga .ctg
tcaata .aat
ttttac .gat
acatta .aat
ataagt .att
gatacc .aca
tattga .taa
tatactttt .
aatgataca tgtatcatgc ctctttgca cttctaaag aatacaagtt ataattctg
ggttaagga atagaatct ctctgcatat caatattctt gaataaat tgaatgat
gtaagagttt toastttgt aatgagagat acaatcaag taacattcty cttattttt
atggttggga taagctgga ttattctgag toaagatag gcocttttgo taatcattgt
caaacctctt atctctctca cacagctctt gggcaagtg ctggtctgty tgtgtgcca
tcaacttggg aagaattca cccaacagct gaaggtgoc takagaaag tgytctgty
tgytctaat gcoctgggoc acaagtatca ctaagctggo tttctgtgt tcaattta
ataaagttt cctttgttc ctaagtcaaa ctactaaat ggggtattt atgaaggoc
ttgacatct ggaattgoc taataaaaa cattttttt catgct
    
```

DNA -----> RNA  
Transcription [gene expression]

Gene prediction Expression pattern

base composition  
codon usage  
binding sites

BIOS477/877 L1 - 22

22

## What is the information in Bioinformatics?

```

acatttgctt ctgacacac tgytctoact agcaacotca aacagacaco atggtgcato
tgaactctga ggaagatgt ccggttacty ccoctggygg caaggtaac gtggatgaag
ctggtgtgga ggcctcgggc aggttggat caagttaca agacagttt aaggagaca
ataaacactg agcatatgga gaacagagag acatttgggt tictataggt cactgacot
cttgcotcat tgytatttt tcaaacctt agctctctca tcaatcaaa ttgacccaag
aggttctttr acctctttr acatctctca acctctctca ctttttttt caacccaag
gtgaagr ggaac gpat
aacctc gpat
cotgag .cota
tggtta .aac
agacga .ctg
tcaata .aat
ttttac .gat
acatta .aat
ataagt .att
gatacc .aca
tattga .taa
tatactttt .
aatgataca tgtatcatgc ctctttgca cttctaaag aatacaagtt ataattctg
ggttaagga atagaatct ctctgcatat caatattctt gaataaat tgaatgat
gtaagagttt toastttgt aatgagagat acaatcaag taacattcty cttattttt
atggttggga taagctgga ttattctgag toaagatag gcocttttgo taatcattgt
caaacctctt atctctctca cacagctctt gggcaagtg ctggtctgty tgtgtgcca
tcaacttggg aagaattca cccaacagct gaaggtgoc takagaaag tgytctgty
tgytctaat gcoctgggoc acaagtatca ctaagctggo tttctgtgt tcaattta
ataaagttt cctttgttc ctaagtcaaa ctactaaat ggggtattt atgaaggoc
ttgacatct ggaattgoc taataaaaa cattttttt catgct
    
```

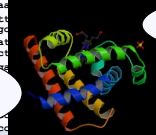
mvhltpeeks avtalwgvn vdevggaalg rilvvyptq rffesfgdls tpdavmgnpk  
vkahgkvlv afsdglahlid nkgtfatls elhedklhvd penfrllgnv lvcvllahhfg  
keftppvqaa yqkvvavgan alahky

Amino acid sequence (primary structure)

DNA --> RNA --> Protein  
Transcription Translation

Tertiary structure prediction

Secondary structure prediction (α-helix, β-sheet)



BIOS477/877 L1 - 23

23

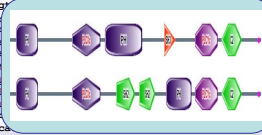
## What is the information in Bioinformatics?

```

acatttgctt ctgacacac tgytctoact agcaacotca aacagacaco atggtgcato
tgaactctga ggaagatgt ccggttacty ccoctggygg caaggtaac gtggatgaag
ctggtgtgga ggcctcgggc aggttggat caagttaca agacagttt aaggagaca
ataaacactg agcatatgga gaacagagag acatttgggt tictataggt cactgacot
cttgcotcat tgytatttt tcaaacctt agctctctca tcaatcaaa ttgacccaag
aggttctttr acctctttr acatctctca acctctctca ctttttttt caacccaag
gtgaagr ggaac gpat
aacctc gpat
cotgag .cota
tggtta .aac
agacga .ctg
tcaata .aat
ttttac .gat
acatta .aat
ataagt .att
gatacc .aca
tattga .taa
tatactttt .
aatgataca tgtatcatgc ctctttgca cttctaaag aatacaagtt ataattctg
ggttaagga atagaatct ctctgcatat caatattctt gaataaat tgaatgat
gtaagagttt toastttgt aatgagagat acaatcaag taacattcty cttattttt
atggttggga taagctgga ttattctgag toaagatag gcocttttgo taatcattgt
caaacctctt atctctctca cacagctctt gggcaagtg ctggtctgty tgtgtgcca
tcaacttggg aagaattca cccaacagct gaaggtgoc takagaaag tgytctgty
tgytctaat gcoctgggoc acaagtatca ctaagctggo tttctgtgt tcaattta
ataaagttt cctttgttc ctaagtcaaa ctactaaat ggggtattt atgaaggoc
ttgacatct ggaattgoc taataaaaa cattttttt catgct
    
```

DNA --> RNA --> Protein --> Function  
Transcription Translation

Similarity search  
Domain search  
Transmembrane prediction  
Protein classification  
(Functional annotation)



BIOS477/877 L1 - 24

24

## How do we analyze biological sequences?

### Single sequence analysis

```
mvhltpeeks avtalwgkvn vdevggealg rllvypwtq rffesfgdls tpdavmgnpk
vkahgkvlq afsdglahld nkgtfatls elhodklhvd penfrllgnv lvcviahhfq
keftppvqaa yqkvvagvan alahky
```

Gene prediction (DNA)  
Gene expression (DNA)  
Primary structure prediction (from DNA to protein)  
Transmembrane region prediction (protein)  
Secondary structure prediction (protein)

BIOS477/877 L1 - 25

25

## How do we analyze biological sequences?

### Multiple sequence analysis

```
mvhltpeeks avtalwgkvn vdevggealg rllvypwtq rffesfgdls tpdavmgnpk
vkahgkvlq afsdglahld nkgtfatls elhodklhvd penfrllgnv lvcviahhfq
keftppvqaa yqkvvagvan alahky
```

```
mghltpeeks avtalwskvn vdevggealg rllvypwtq rffesfgdls tpdavmgnpk
vkahgkvlq afsdglahld nkgtfatls elhodklhvd penfrllgnv lvcviahhfq
keftppvqaa yqkvvagvan alahky
```

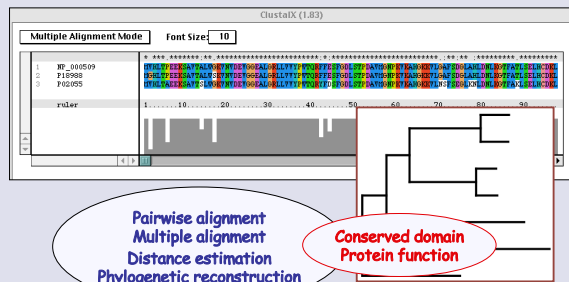
```
mvhltpeeks avtalswgkvn vdevggealg rllvypwtq ryfdfsfgdls tpdavmgnpk
vkahgkvlv sfsegklnd nkgtfakls elhodklhvd penfkllgnv lvcviahhfq
keftppvqaa yqkvvagvan alahky
```

BIOS477/877 L1 - 26

26

## How do we analyze biological sequences?

### Multiple sequence analysis



BIOS477/877 L1 - 27

27

## More Topics in Bioinformatics

- Large-scale fragment/contig assembly  
→ whole genome shotgun sequencing
- Next-gen sequencing data analysis
- RNA-seq (gene expression) analysis
- Metagenomic/transcriptomic analysis
- RNA secondary structure prediction  
→ rRNA, tRNA, small RNA, miRNA, RNA viruses, *etc.*
- Tertiary structure prediction (*ab initio*)

These topics are not covered in this course ...

BIOS477/877 L1 - 28

28

## Limitations of Bioinformatics

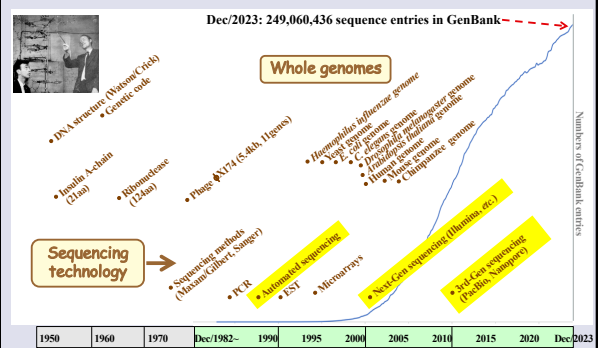
(Read Xiong Ch1 page 7)

- Bioinformatics and experimental biology are complementary.
- Raw data are produced by experimental science.  
→ The quality of bioinformatics predictions depends on the quality of data.
- Bioinformatics predictions are not formal proofs.  
→ They need to be tested experimentally.
- Bioinformatics provides **interpretation** of experimental data.  
→ Facilitates generating a hypothesis for further experimental research.

BIOS477/877 L1 - 29

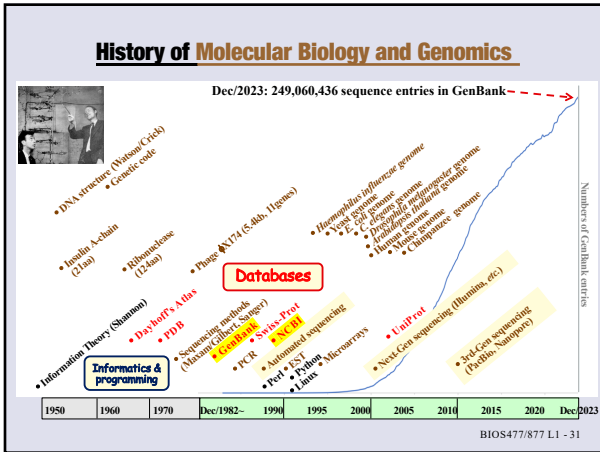
29

## History of Molecular Biology and Genomics

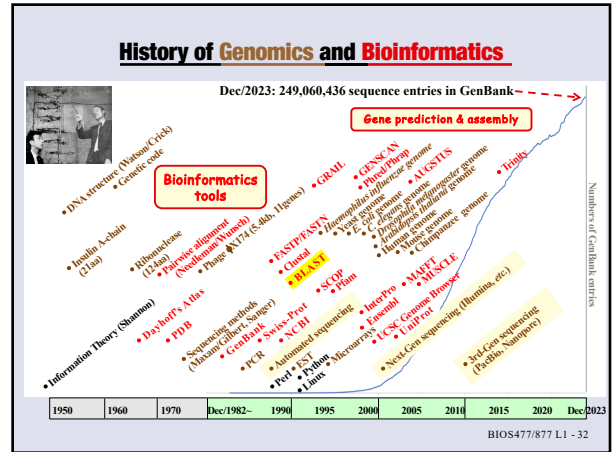


BIOS477/877 L1 - 30

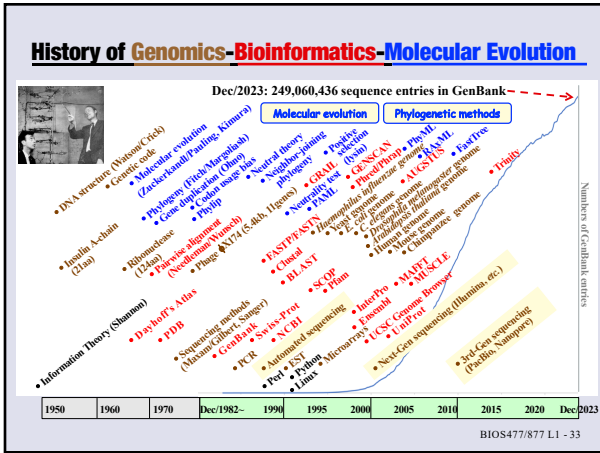
30



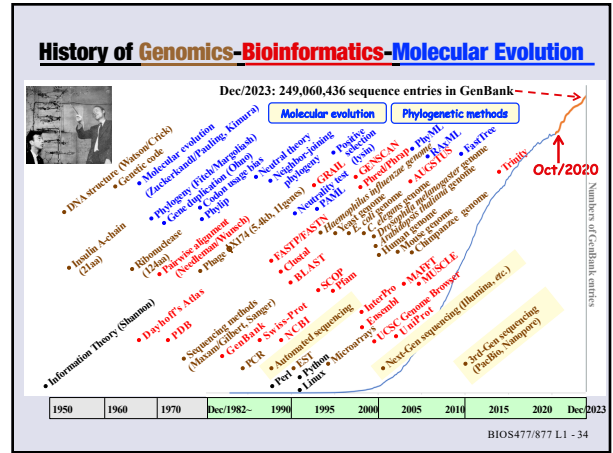
31



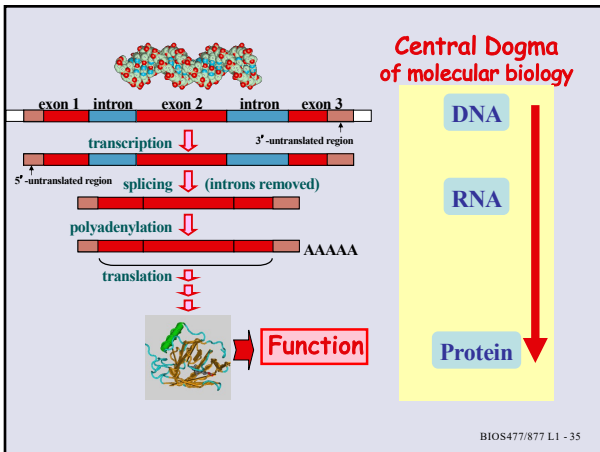
32



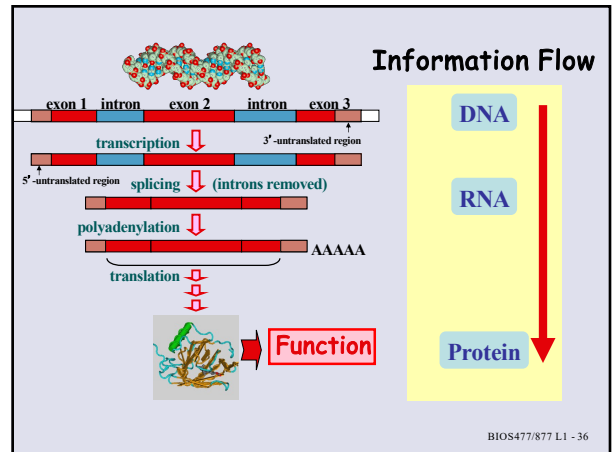
33



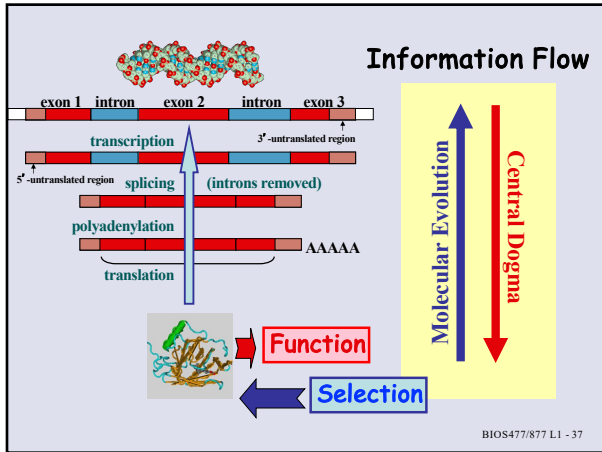
34



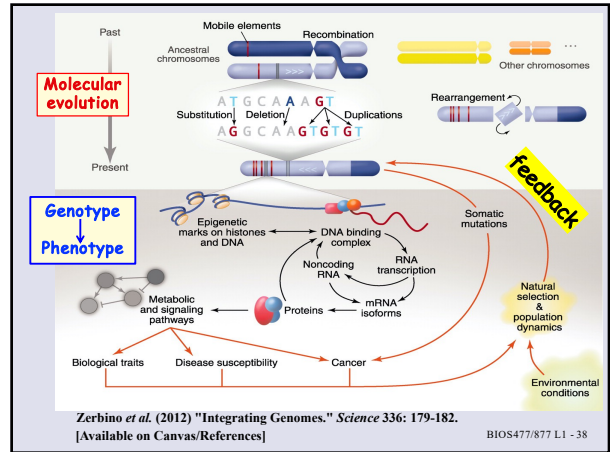
35



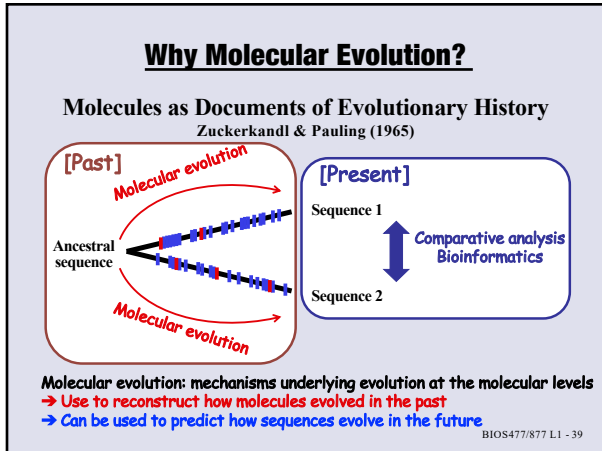
36



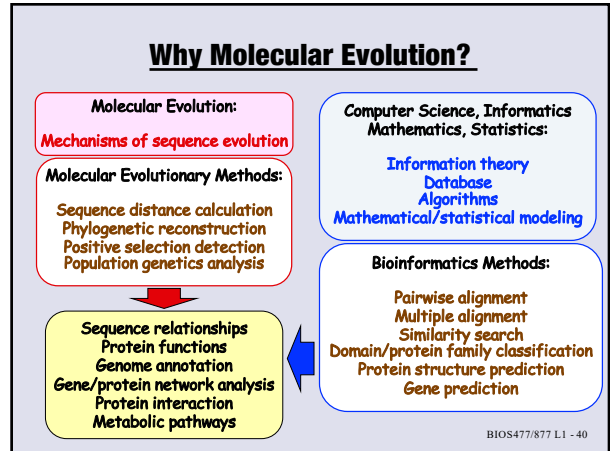
37



38



39



40